ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

H. B. 4373

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Kiss, and Delegates Iaquinta, Browning, Foster, Beane, Crosier and Varner)

[Passed March 10, 2004; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §17C-3-10, relating to making it a crime to possess or use a traffic-control device with an infrared or electronic device designed to change traffic light indication; exceptions; and providing for penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §17C-3-10, to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 3. TRAFFIC SIGNS, SIGNALS AND MARKINGS.
- §17C-3-10. Interference with official traffic-control devices by infrared or electronic devices.
- (a) The possession or use of a mobile infrared transmitter (MIRT), or any type of infrared or electronic device capable of

changing a traffic control signal, by anyone other than the operator of an authorized emergency vehicle, is prohibited.

- (b) Any person violating the provisions of subsection (a) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars or confined in the county or regional jail not more than three days, or both; and upon a second conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or confined in the county or regional jail not more than six days, or both; and upon a third or subsequent conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than two thousand five hundred dollars or confined in a county or regional jail one year, or both.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, any person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) of this section which results in physical injury to another shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not less than one nor more than three years or fined not more than five thousand dollars, or both.
- (d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any device which simply makes a vehicle visible or its presence known to a sensor which triggers the changing of a traffic light after the vehicle operator has complied with the traffic signal

indication.